5

10 10

ļΠ

5

Claims

layer in a hygiene article or a medical product, having a first layer of substantially continuous staple fibers with a diameter of 15 to 35 μ m, and having a second film layer, characterized in that to form a three-layer composite material, a third layer (6) of microfibers with a diameter of less than 10 μ m is provided on the full surface of the side of the staple fiber layer (4) remote from the film layer (2), and this third microfiber layer (6) three-dimensionally penetrates the surface structure of the staple fiber layer (4) in such a way that the mean spacing D' between the microfiber layer (6) and the film layer (2) is less than the thickness D_{Sp} of the staple fiber layer (4) sandwiched in between.

- 2. The composite material of claim 1, characterized in that the retention or adhesion force of a book material relative to the outside of the composite material, formed by the microfiber layer (6), is less than 20 cN/25 mm, preferably less than 10 cN/25 mm, and especially preferably less than 5 cN/25 mm.
- 3. The composite material of claim 1 or 2, characterized in that the film layer (2) also penetrates the three-dimensional surface structure of the staple fiber layer (4).
- 4. The composite material of one of the foregoing claims, characterized in that the weight per unit of surface area of the composite material is 20 to 45 g/m², and

WO 99/17927

PCT/EP 98/06067

preferably 25 to 40 g/m².

The composite material of one of the foregoing claims, tharacterized in that the weight per unit of surface area of the composite material is 30 to 35 g/m^2 .

- 6. The composite material of one of the foregoing claims, characterized in that the weight per unit of surface area of the microfiber layer (6) is 3 to 10 g/m², and preferably 4 to 6 g/m^2 .
- 7. The composite material of one of the foregoing claims, characterized in that the weight per unit of surface area of the staple fiber layer (4) is 15 to 25 g/m², and preferably, 18 to 22 g/m²
- 8. The composite material of one of the foregoing claims, characterized in that the thickness of the film layer (2) is 9 to 20 μm and preferably 12 to 17 μm .
- 9. The composite material of one of the foregoing claims, characterized in that the tear strength of the composite material is at least 15 N/25 mm, and preferably at least 18 N/25 mm.
- 10. The composite material of one of the foregoing claims, characterized in that the film layer (2) is breathable but liquid-proof, so that the composite material is likewise breathable but liquid-proof.
- 11. The composite material of claim 10, characterized in that the film (2) is permeable to water vapor through the process of chemisorption.

a

And the same and the same than the same and the same and

13

a

- 12. The composite material of claim 10, characterized in that the film (2) has micropores for admitting water vapor.
- 13. The composite material of claim 12, characterized in that the micropores have a diameter of 2.2 to 10 μm .
- 14. The composite material of one of the foregoing claims, characterized in that at least the film layer (2) has macropores in at least some portions.
- 15. The composite material of claim 14, characterized in that the staple fiber and microfiber composite also has macropores, in such a way that macropores of the staple fiber/microfiber composite and macropores of the film layer (2) form openings that extend through the composite material.
- 16. Use of a composite material of one or more of the foregoing claims as a liquid-retaining layer in a disposable hygiene article.
- 17. The use of claim 16, characterized in that the hygiene article is a diaper, training pants, a sanitary napkin, a panty liner, or an incombinence shield.
- 18. The use of claim 16 or 17, characterized in that the composite material is used as a backing sheet.
- 19. The use of claim 18, characterized in that the microfiber layer (6) is disposed on the outside of the backing sheet.
 - 20. A method for producing the composite material of

WO 99/17927

PCT/EP 98/06067

ene of claims 1 through 15, characterized by the following method steps:

- forming a staple fiber layer (4) with an open surface structure

- applying microfibers (6) to the staple fiber layer

- solidifying the microfiber/staple fiber layer formed by the action of pressure and a temperature that is above the softening point of the microfibers and/or of the staple fibers

- applying a prefabficated film (2) on the staple fiber side to the thus prefabricated microfiber/staple fiber composite

- solidifying the microfiber/staple fiber composite with the foil by the action of pressure and a temperature that is above the softening point of at least the film.

22. A method for producing the composite material of one of claims 1 through 15, characterized by the following method steps:

- forming a staple fiber layer (2) with an open surface structure
 - applying microfibers (6) to the staple fiber layer
- solidifying the microfiber/staple fiber layer formed by the action of pressure and a temperature that is above the

5

1.7

a

5

WO 99/17927

10

PCT/EP 98/06067

Charle 1701 Representation of the con-

softening point of the misrofibers and/or of the staple fibers

- direct extrusion of a film (2) on the staple fiber side onto the microfiber/staple fiber composite thus formed
 - solidifying the microfiber/staple fiber composite

400)